KRUPSKIY, M.K. [Krups'kyi, M.K.] (Khar'kov)

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To make the soil give a generous yield. Nauka i zhyttia 11 no.7:30-31 J1 '61. (MEA 14:8)

1. Direktor Ukrainskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta pochvovedeniya, chlen-korrespondent Ukrainskoy akademii sel'-skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.

(Ukraine—Soil research)
(Ukraine—Irrigation)

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VLASYUK, Petr Antipovich, akademik, zasl. deyatel' nauki USSR;

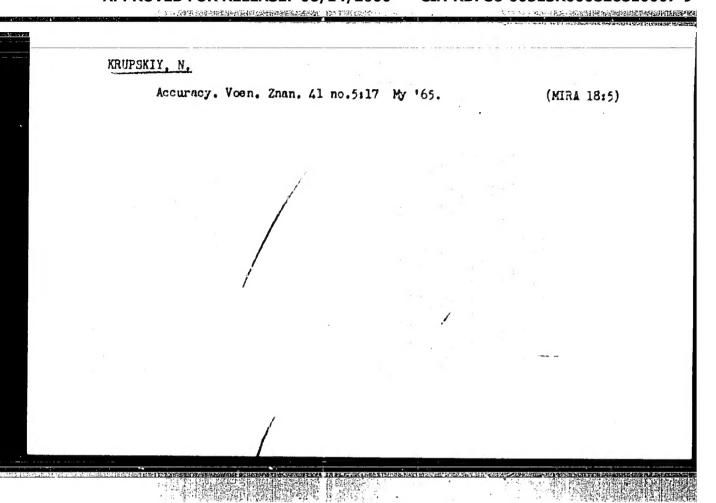
KRUPSKIY, M.K. [Krups'kyi, M.K.], prof., otv. red.;

VASLOBOY SICHIKOVA, O.S. [Masloboishchykova, O.S.], red.;

POTOTSKAYA, L.A. [Potots'ka, L.A.], tekhn. red.

[Manganese nutrition and fortilization of plants]Margantseve zhyvlemia i udobrennia roslyn. Kyiv, Vyd-vo Ukrains'koi Akad. sil'skohospodars'kykh nauk, 1962. 420 p. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Ukrainskoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk (for Krupskiy). (Plants, Effect of manganese on)



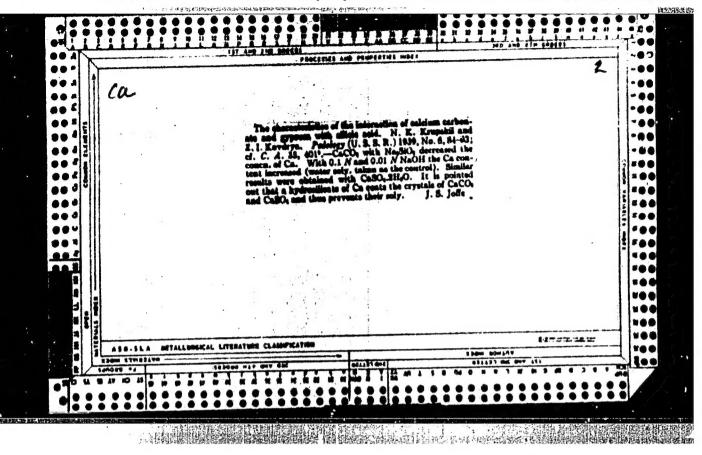
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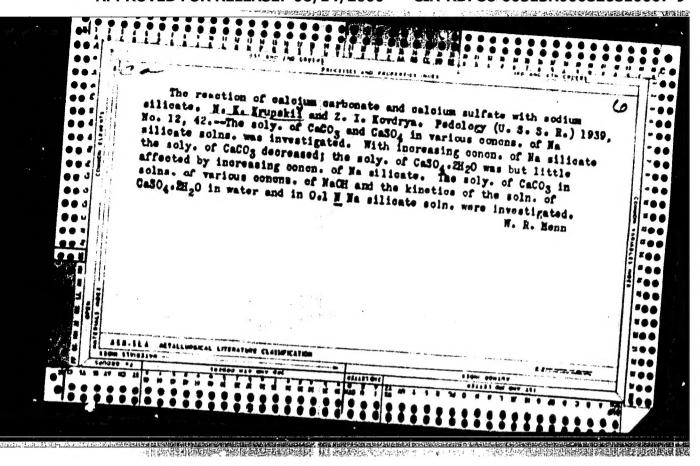
KRYLOV, A.V.; KRUPSKIY, W.I.

Dynamometer for determining the strength and stretch of a moving thread. Tekst.prem. 15 no.11:38-39 H 155. (MIRA 9:1)

(Thread--Testing) (Dynamemeter)

UPSKIY, N.I.		78 . 1 A	
D '55.	er for automatic looms.	. Tekst.prom.	15 no.12:36-37 (MLRA 9:3)
	(Loome)		
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Coil Pechanics
Experience in alkalinization of soils as a measure against filtration from water reservoirs. Gidr. 1 mel. 5, No. 2, 1953.

Honthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress
June 1953. UNCL.

[1] 中共工具的特殊的問題問題無限者 III II NO (1) (1) (1) (1)

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ORIN', G.S.; KRUPSKIY, N.K., kandidat sel'skekheziaystvennykh nauk; KISEL', V.D. SOKOLOVSKIT, A.B., redaktor; GRINCHENKO, A.M., kandidat sel'skekhezya-stvennykh nauk, redaktor; SHIKAN, V.L., redaktor; SIVACHENKO, Ye.K., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Soil characteristics of the Negayek Massif in the Ukraine from the point of view of agrigultural land improvement] Agromeliorativnaia kharakteristika pochy Negaiskege massiva Ukrainy. Kiev, Isd-vo Akademii nauk USSR, 1955. 68 p. [Microfilm] (MIRA 9:6)

1. Deystvitelinyy chlen AN USSR (for Sokolovskiy).
(Ukraine--Soils)

TYURIN, I.V.; SOKOLOV, A.V.; BUSHINSKIY, V.P.; SOBOLEV, S.S.;
WRANTSESSON, V.A.; KARPINSKIY, N.P.; BALYABO, N.K.; GRINCHENKO,
A.M.; KRUPSKIY, N.K.

Aleksei Nikanorovich Sokolovskii; obituary. Pochvovedenie no.10:124-125 0 '59. (MIRA 13:2) (Sokolovskii, Aleksei Nikanorovich, 1884-1959)

· ** 自然到19年初的19年1年对出版的新疆和19年的19年

KRUPSKIY, N.K.; ALEKSANDROVA, A.M.; GORBAN', Yu.V.

Curves of the potenticmetric titration of soil suspensions in anhydrous solvents. Pochvovedenie no. 5:106-110 My *61.

(MIRA 14:5)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut pochvovedeniya. (Soils-Analysis) (Soil acidity)

KRUPSKIY, N.K.; ALEKSANDROVA, A.H.; KHIZHEYAK, A.I.

Determination of available aluminum in solls. Fochvovedenie no.10:93-96 0 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut pochvovedeniya imoni A.N. Sokolovakogo.

(Soils-Aluminum content)

25年2月15日至18日1月1日日 新加州国家中国市场

S/081/62/000/017/033/102 B162/B101

AUTHORS:

Krupskiy, N. K., Aleksandrova, A. M., Stetsenko, M. Y.

TITLE:

Detection of chloride ion in muddy and colored ground extracts

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 17, 1962, 132, abstract 17D86 (Pochvovedeniye, no. 2, 1962, 109 - 113 [summary in Eng.)

TEXT: In order to determine C1 in muddy and colored aqueous ground extracts, the methods applied are potentiometric titration of a solution of the sample (0.5 ml 2N H₂SO₄ per 10 ml of sample solution) acidified with 0.002N AgNO₅ solution using an indicating silver chloride electrode (Pt-wire, covered with a mixed paste of Ag₂O and AgCl (7:1) and calcined at 450°C); and visual mercurimetric titration with diphenyl carbazone as indicator in the presence of benzene. To 10 ml of the sample solution, 10 ml of water and then a few drops of 1% solution of diphenyl carbazone are added, neutralized with a 0.2N HNO₅ solution (till yellow color), 5 ml of benzene is added and the mixture titrated with a 0.01N Hg(NO₅)₂ Card 1/2

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Detection of chloride ion ...

S/081/62/000/017/033/102 B162/B101

solution until the yellow color of the organic layer changes into violetblue. Colorless and transparent solutions are titrated without bensene using a mixture of diphenyl carbasone with β -dinitrophenol as indicator. It is expedient to use mercurimetric titration, as a more simple way, when a great number of determinations is made. Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

Card 2/2

KRUPSKIY, N.K.; ALEKSANDROVA, A.M.; GUBAREVA, D.N.

Determining the pH value in soils of the Ukrainian S.S.R. Pochvovedenie no.4170-78 Ap 162. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut pochvovedeniya imeni A.N.Sokolovskogo.
(Ukraine---Soil acidity)

TENTON SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

KRUPSKIY, N.K.; TSYGANENKO, O.Yu.

Studying ion exchange processes in soils under dynamic conditions. Pochvovedenie no.8:103-106 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut pochvovedeniya imeni A.N.Sokolovskogo.

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VLASYUK, P.A., akademik, otv. red.; KOLOMIYTSEVA, M.G., prof., red.; ESUPSKIY, R.K., prof., red.; KLIMOVITSKAYA, Z.M., doktor biol. nauk, red.; KURIKKAYA, H.F., kand. med. nauk, red.; MITSYK, V.Ye., kand. vet. nauk, red.; KAPITANCHUK, V.A., red.; RUDAKOVA, E.V., kand. biol. nauk, red.; SKUTSKAYA, N.P., red.

[Use of trace elements in agriculture; Republic interdepartmental collection of papers] Primenenie mikroelemer*ov v sel'skom khoziaistve; Respublikanskii mezhvedomstvennyi. sbornik. Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1965. 218 p. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Akademiya mauk URSR, Kiev. 2. Institut fiziologii rasteniy Ukr.SSR (for Vlasyuk, Rudakova).

KRUPSKIY, N.K.; GASAN, P.A.

Colloid-hemical technology of soils and their colmatage technique. Dokl. AN SSSR 165 no.5:1132-1134 D 165.

(MIRA 19:1)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut pochvovedeniya im. A.N.Sekolovskogo. Submitted May 21, 1965.

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KUGGIT, T. T.

Tablets (Medicine)

Relay protection against breakdowns of the automatic tablet-making machine. Med. prom. No. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, Jane 1952 1951, Uncl.

KRUPSKY, E.

The Czech book in the Soviet Union. p.24. (Silnice, Vol. 6, No. 5, May 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) IC. Vol. 6, No. 9, Sept. 1957. Uncl.

KRUPSKY, E.

"Research on highway traffic."

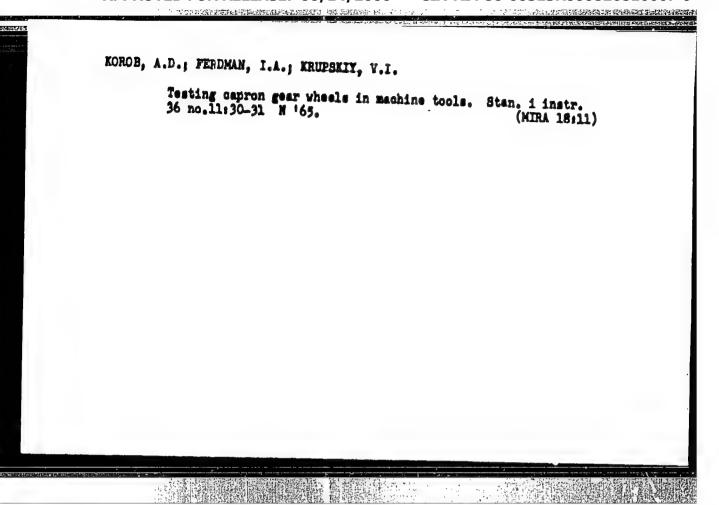
p. 9 (Silnice) Vol. 6, no. 10, Oct. 1957. Prague, Czechoslovakia

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Road capacity and the speed of vehicles. Siln doprava 11 no.10:25 S $^{1}63$.



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BOURCE CODE: UR/0367/66/003/002/0321/0326

AUTHOR: Vishnevskiy, M. Ye.; Galanina, N. D.; Semenov, Yu. A.; Kruptchitskiy, P. A.; Berezin, V. M.; Murysov, V. A.

ORG: none

ACC NR

52

TITLE: Measurement of the mass difference of KS and KY mesons

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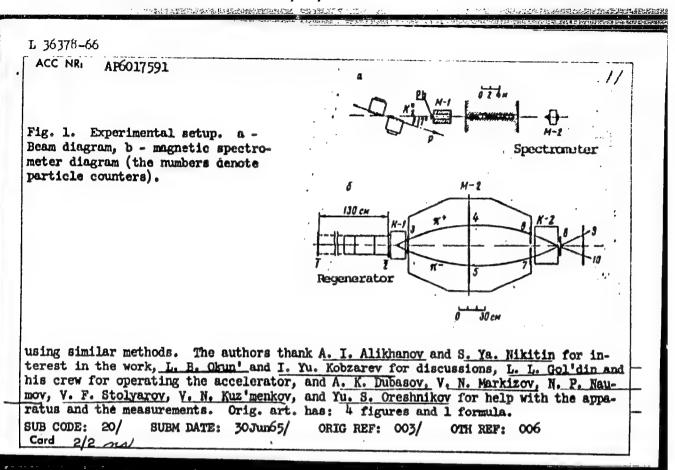
SOURCE: Yadernaya fizika, v. 3, no. 2, 1966, 321-326

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TOPIC TAGS: K meson, mass spectrometry, pion, meson interaction

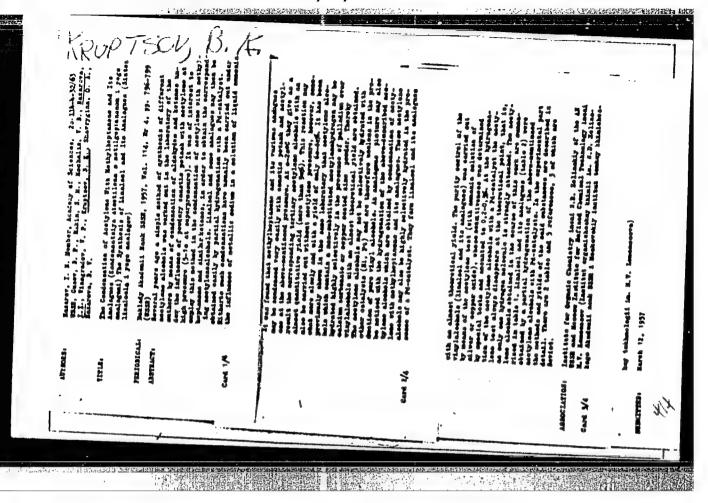
ABSTRACT: In view of the discrepancies between the experimentally measured mass differences of the K2 and K1 mesons, the authors have measured this mass difference by a coherent regeneration method, based on measurement of the dependence of the intensity of the coherent regeneration of K1 mesons in a beam of K2 mesons on the thickness of the regenerator (copper or aluminum). The experiment was carried out in the ITEF 7-Gev proton accelerator (Fig. 1). The method and the apparatus are briefly described. The K1 mesons were registered by means of the K1 + π^+ + π^- decay with the aid of a magnetic spectrometer with scintillation counters and spark chambers. The distributions of the interaction events with respect to the masses of the decaying particle and with respect to the angle between its momentum and primary-beam directions are given. A total of 196 coherently-regenerated K1 mesons were found in 375 tracks. A mass difference of 0.82 \pm 0.14 (\hbar/τ_1c^2), where $\tau_1 = 0.92 \times 10^{-10}$ sec, was obtained. The distribution of the registered K1 mesons had a maximum at 1.8 Gev/c and dropped to zero at 0.9 and 4 Gev/c. This result agrees well with those obtained by others

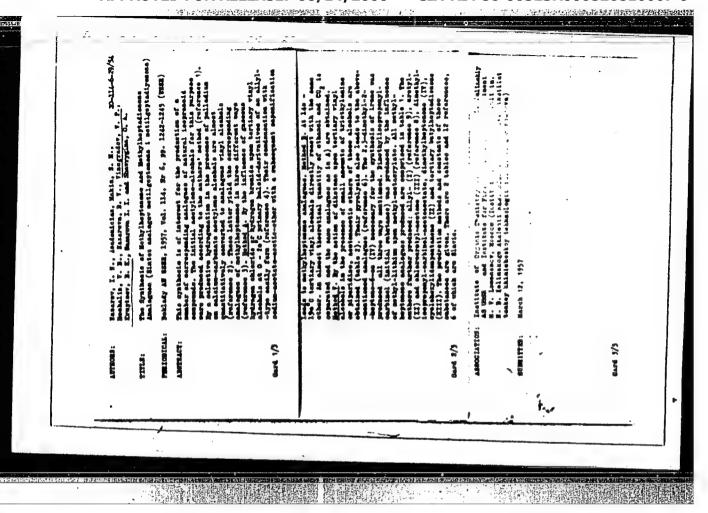
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2017年,1950年1940年的新疆的国际区域和19

以下等。 第一章

20-117-5-27/54 Nazarov, I. N., Member of the Academy, AUTHORS:

(Deceased), Makin, S. M., and Kruptsov, B. K.

The Synthesis of Ethoxyisoprene (Sintez etoksiizoprena). TITLE:

Doklady AN SSSR, 1957, Vol. 117, Nr 5, pp. 823-825 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

The alkoxydienes are interesting for the organic chemistry by ABSTRACT: the presence of 2 double conjugated formations since they can

be used furthermore for the synthesis of various substances in consequence of a alkoxyl group capable of reaction. Especially intersting is the ethoxy-isoprene (1-ethoxy-3-

methyl-butadiene-1, 3) since it can be used for the synthesis of important isoprenoids (zitral, vitamin A, carrotine and others). It has a methyl-branching in the third position and has therefore an isoprenoid structure. Reactions (I) - (IV) are given by means of which the authors have obtained the

synthesis mentioned in the title. By action of tetraethoxysilane on acetone the acetone-diethyl-ketal (II) was obtained- The syntheses according to former references

(reference 1) led to only small yields (10-15%). The authors obtained yields of 92% of acetone-ketal (in presence of

0,5 mol ethanol pro 1 mol tetra-ethoxysilane) by the

application of phosphorous acid of 85 % as catalyst. Acetone-Card 1/3

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The Synthesis of Ethoxyisoprene

20-117-5-27/54

diethylketal was then introduced into the condensation reaction with winyl-ethyl-ether. The addition of ketals to these ethers was hitherto scarcely researched. The authors succeeded in carrying out this reaction at 0° and in presence of catalytic quantities of tri-fluorboron-ethyrate with a yield of 85% of 3-methyl-1, 1,3 triethoxybutane, with reference to the acetone-diethylketal which entered into the reaction. In order to prevent a further condensation a ketal excess has to be used which is higher by 1,5 times. In the case of passage of vapors of the 1,13-triethoxy-3-methylbutane by MgHPO4-catalyst at 3500 in a 15-20 mm-vacuum 2 alcohol molecules are splitted off and ethoxyisoprene is formed with a yield of 77%. Furthermore this latter substance was obtained with a good yield in the passage of vapors of the β -methylcroton-aldehyde-diethylacetal over the contact catalyst NaH POA. The initial substance in coestion was produced from iso-valerian-aldehyde (reference 6). It the experimental part the usual data are given with the proposation of the catalyst.

Card 2/3

The Synthesis of Ethoxyisoprene

20-117-5-27/54

There are 6 references, none of which are Slavic.

ASSOCIATION: Institute for Fine Chemical Technology imeni M. V. Lomonosov, Moscow (Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii im. M. V. Lomonosova).

SUBMITTED: September 11, 1957

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Card 3/3

三十年间,有代表特別的 网络欧洲 医巴耳氏结结 医克里尔氏病

FLID, R.M.; KRASOTKIN, A.Ye.; SHPICHINETSKAYA, L.S.; CHIRIKOVA, A.V.;
BELLY, A.P.; BARATS, M.I.; KRUPTSOV, B.K.; BELLYANINA, Ye.T.

Refect of algaline admixtures on catalytic exidation of primer

Effect of alcaline admixtures on catalytic oxidation of primary alcohols to aldehydes. Khim.nauk i prom. 3 no.5:683 158.

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii im. M.V. Lomonosova.

(Alcohol) (Oxidation) (Catalysts)

AUTHORS: Nazarov, I. N. (Deceased), Makin, S. M., SOV/79-29-1-25/74

Kruptsov, B. K., Mironov, V. A.

TITLE: Synthesis of Acotals and Ketals by Means of Tetraalkoxy-

Silanes (Sintez atsetaley i ketaley s pomoshch'yu tetraalkoksi-

silanov)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchoy khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 1, pp 106-111 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: It is known that the most suitable acetylating agents are the esters of the ortho-formic scid. Owing to their high costs

they can however not be used as initial substance for the synthesis of acetals. As a substitute for the above esters the authors chose the ensily available esters of the ortho--silicic acid (tetraalkoxy-silanes). Helferich and Hansen (Ref 1) found that the tetraalkoxy-silenes are able to acetylate aldehydes and ketones in alcoholic medium in the presence of hydrogen chloride. The suthors met however with many difficulties at the attempt to obtain some acetals and ketals according to this method and the yields were also small.

For this reason, they investigated thoroughly the reaction of

the tetraplkoxy-silanes with aldehydes and ketones under differ-

Card 1/3 ent conditions. On the reaction of acetone with

Synthesis of Acetals and Ketals by Means of Tetraalkoxy-Silanes

SOV/79-29-1-25/74

tetraalkoxy-silene they used HCl, concentrated H2SO4, p-toluenesulfonic acid, phosphoric acid, etc. as catalysts for the acetylation. Phosphoric acid proved to be the most suitable catalyst. In contrast with the general opinion, tetraslkoxy--silanes react well with aldehydes and ketones in the presence of some alcohol. Thus the diethyl ketal of acetone with tetraethoxy-silane was obtained in 93 % yield, on addition of 0.5 % alcohol only. Many other acetals of various aldehydes, ketones, etc. were synthesized also with good yields and very limited use of alcohol. The small alcohol quantity is important in the synthesis of low-boiling acetals and ketals: It is thus possible to obtain in the distillation the acetal and ketal with minute alcohol quantities which can easily be removed by water, which is rather difficult at higher quantities of alcohol. In the synthesis of high-boiling acetals the amount of the easily separable alcohol is of no importance. In the acetylation of the croton aldehyde the alcohol quantity is of particular importance: At 0.1-0.2 mol alcohol with 1 mol aldehyde dimethyl and diethyl acetal were resulting in a yield

Card 2/3

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Synthesis of Acetals and Ketals by Means of Tetraalkoxy-Silanes

SOV/79-29-1-25/74

up to 80 %. On addition of more than 1 mol alcohol 1,1,3-trialkoxy-butanes are formed as main products (Ref 2). Without any alcohol the reaction yields 47 % only. For the removal of the acetals and ketals two methods were applied according to whether they are lower or higher boiling than the tetranlkoxy-silones used in the reaction (see experimental part). The diethyl acetals of the croton aldehyde and methyl heptenone were obtained in good yield by the esters of ortho-formic acid as well. Both tables present all acetals and ketals synthesized. There are 2 tables and 3 references, 1 of which is Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii (Moscow Institute of Fine Chemical Technology)

SUBMITTED:

July 19, 1957

Card 3/3

AUTHGRS: Nazarov, I. N. (Deceased), 507/79-29-1-26/74 Makin, S. M., Kruptsov, B. K., Mironov, V. A. Synthesis of Vinyl and Diene Ethers (Sintez prostykh vinilo-TITLE: vykh i diyenovykh efirov) PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 1, pp 111-117 (USSR) ABSTRACT: In the passage of the vapors of dimethyl and diethyl acetals of the acetone of acetic acid, propione, butyric acid, isobutyric acid, as well as of the dimethyl and diethyl ketals of acetone and cyclohexanone over MaH2PO4 and MgHPO4 (as catalysts) at 300-375° the authors obtained the substituted vinyl ethers listed in table 1. The simple diene ethers are considerably interesting in organic chemistry since they possess two conjugated double bonds and a reactive alkoxy group. Furthermore, methoxy and ethoxy isoprenes were synthesized and the methoxy and ethoxy butadienes previously described (Refs 7,8,9) were investigated. The alkoxy dienes specified were obtained by catalytic cleavage of the acetals of croton and /3 -methyl--croton aldehyde, as well as of the 1,1,3-trialkoxy-butanes and Card 1/3 1,1,3-trialkoxy-3-methyl butanes. The dimethyl and diethyl

Synthesis of Vinyl and Diene Ethers

SOV/79-29-1-26/74

acetals of \$\beta\$-methyl-oroton aldehyde were synthesized according to scheme 1'in the presence of small quantity of BF,0(C,H5), the butanes mentioned according to reference 7 and scheme 2 (Refs 11,14,15,16). The catalytic cleavage of the acetals of croton and /3 -methyl-croton aldehyde, as well as of the trinkoxy-butanes into the simple diene ethers was thus carried out on the catalysts NaH2POA and MgHPOA. Active charcosl, silica gel, and glass were used as carriers. This process proceeded in vacuum 10-20 mm in the nitrogen current (Scheme 3). The maximum yield of ethoxy-isoprene was attained on the catalysts MgHPO, on active charcoal and MgHPO, NaSio, (Table 2). As to durability, MgHPO4 on chargoal proved to be the best catalyst. The activity of the catalysts produced from NaH2POA decreases more rapidly. On the catalytic cleavage of the 3-methyl-1,3-dimethoxy-1-ethoxy-butane s mixture from methoxy- and ethoxy-isoprene resulted in about the same quantity. There are 2 tables and 16 references, 8 of which are Soviet.

Card 2/3

Synthesis of Vinyl and Diene Ethers

507/79-29-1-26/74

ASSOCIATION:

Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii (Moscow

Institute of Fine Chemical Technology)

SUBMITTED:

September 10, 1957

Card 3/3

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S/079/60/030/010/016/030 B001/B066

AUTHORS:

Makin, S. M. and Kruptsov, B. K.

TITLE:

Chemistry of Unsaturated Ethers. V. Acetals of Vinyl Acetaldehyde? A New Method of Synthesizing 1-Alkoxy-dienes-1,3

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol. 30, No. 10,

pp. 3276 - 3280

TEXT: The authors of the present paper investigated the autocondensation of vinyl ethyl, vinyl butyl, and vinyl isoamyl ethers in the presence of BF3.0(C2H5)2, in the complex with Hg0, Hg(OCOCH3)2, HgCl2, of FeCl3 in the complex with Hg0 and Hg(OCOCH3)2, and of ZnCl2 in the complex with Hg0. Acetone, dimethyl formamide, diethyl ether, nitromethane, and acetophenone were used as solvents. The autocondensation was most efficient in acetone or diethyl ether when using BF3.0(C2H5)21 in the complex with Hg0 or Hg(OCOCH3)2. The acetal of vinyl acetaldehyde

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Chemistry of Unsaturated Ethers. V. Acetals S/079/60/030/010/016/030 of Vinyl Acetaldehyde. A New Method of B001/B066 Synthesizing 1-Alkoxy-dienes-1,3

and a small amount of condensation products of this acetal with vinyl alkyl ethers was thus obtained. In the absence of BF3.0(C2H5)2, HgO and mercury acetate are ineffective. On the other hand, vinyl alkyl ethers are known to polymerize readily in the presence of BF3.0(C2H5)2, so that the autocondensation was assumed to take place in two stages, first under the formation of an acetal acylal (III) (Ref.4) which is added in the second stage to the other molecule of the vinyl alkyl ether by means of the catalyst (Refs.5-7) (Scheme 2). The autocondensation of vinyl alkyl ethers by means of $HgO + BF_3 \cdot O(C_2H_5)_2$ obviously takes place according to Scheme 3. The resultant acetals of vinyl acetaldehyde are added to a molecule of the vinyl alkyl ether, thus forming 1,1,3-trialkoxy compounds (VI) (Scheme 4). This reaction, however, proceeds slowly and with low yields of the compounds (VI). The highest yield was 24%. The infrared spectra of the autocondensation products of vinyl ethyl and vinyl butyl ethers showed frequencies characteristic of the vinyl group (CH2-CH-) (Ref.9). The spectrum of the diethyl acetal

Card 2/3

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Chemistry of Unsaturated Ethers. V. Acetals S/079/60/030/010/016/030 of Vinyl Acetaldehyde. A New Method of B001/B066 Synthesizing 1-Alkoxy-dienes-1,3

of croton aldehyde shows an absorption band characteristic of a substituted vinyl group (Ref. 9). When passing acetal vapors of vinyl acetaldehyde in vacuo at 350°C over the acid catalyst MgHPO₄, 1-alkoxy-

butadiene-1,3 (VII) resulted (Scheme 5). With maleic aldehyde, the 1-alkoxy-dienes-1,3 gave the adducts (VIII). Their hydrolysis (Scheme 6) yields crystalline alkoxy-tetrahydrophthalic acids (IX). There are 12 references: 9 Soviet, 2 US, and 1 Japanese.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii

(Moscow Institute of Fine Chemical Technology)

SUBMITTED: December 7, 1959

Card 3/3

KRUPTSOV, B. K.

Cand Chem Sci - (diss) "Synthesis and transformations of simple vinyl and diene esters." Moscow, 1961. 15 pp; (Academy of Sciences USSR, Inst of Organic Chemistry imeni N. D. Zelinskiy); 200 copies; price not given; (KL, 6-61 sup, 198)

17个,是自己的兴趣的被影響的動物的問題的 12个分级的个次。4

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MAKIN, S.M.; KRUPTSOV, B.K.

Chemistry of unsaturated ethers. Part 5: Acetals of vinylacetaldehyde. New method of synthesising 1-alkoxy-1, 3-dienes. Zhur.ob.khim. 30 no.10:3276-3280 0 *61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii.
(Ethers) (Acetaldehyde)

MAKIN, S.M., KRUPISOV, B.K.

Chemistry of unsaturated others. Part 12; Structural orientation of diene condensations of 1-alkoxydienes with asymmetrical dienophyls. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.8:2521-2527 Ag '62.

(MIRA 15:9)

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii imeni M.V. Lomonosova.

(Butadiene) (Ethers)

MAKIN, S.M.; KRUPTSOV, B.K.; MEDVEDEVA, V.M.; SMIRNOVA, L.N.

Chemistry of unsaturated ethers. Part 13: Reaction of acetalisation of 1,1,3-trialkoxyalkanes and the synthesis of 1-alkoxy-1,3-dienes with heavy alkoxy groups. Ultraviolet spectra and Raman spectra of 1-alkoxy-1,3-dienes. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.8:2527-2535 Ag *62.

(MIRA 15:9)

1. Moskovskiy institut torkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii imeni M.V. Lomonosova.

(Butadiene-Spectra) (Alkiny groups)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9

•	KANTEYA, A.F., MOZICZERKO, L.A., XECHETAH, XH.IB., PAVLICERY, A.F., ARRIVAN, S.M., KRUPIBOY, B.K.					
1	Experimental data about the production of phthalic anhydride by oxidation of o-zylol Report to be submitted for the 12thConference on high molecular weight compounds devoted to monomers, Balm, 3-7 April 62					
	•					
T-Markon Markon						

Addition of diphosphorous acid antilide to Schiff bases. Zhur. ob. khim. 35 no.8:1502-1503 kg '65. (MJPA 18:8)

i. Kazanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

1、1710年時,這個時間的學術的學術的學術的學術。 网络女性女孩 19

AL'PERIN, P.M., doktor med.nauk; ANSHEVITS, M.Ya.; GUREVICH, I.B.; KRUPYANKO, V.Yo.; MNINKHOVA, O.P.; RODINA, R.I. (Moskva)

Compound treatment of suppurative diseases of the lungs. Vrach.delo no.12:1343 D '57. (MIRA 11:2)

1. TSentral'nyy ordena Lenina Institut gematologii i perelivaniya krovi.

(LUNGS--DISEASES)

EBUDYANKO V.XC.

Effect of blood transfusion on renal function and plasma flow in anemias [with summary in English, p.62]. Probl.gemat. i perel. krovi 4 no.2:46-49 F 159. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Is TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.A. Bagdasarov) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(ANEMIA, ther.
blood transfusion, eff. of homologous blood on renal
funct. (Rus))
(BLOOD TRANSFUSION, in var. dis.
anemia, eff. of homologous blood on renal funct. (Rus))
(KIDNETS, physiol
eff. of transfusion of homologous blood in ther. of
anemia (Rus))

AL'PERIN, P.M., prof.; ANSHEVITS, M.Ya.; GUREVICH, I.B.; KRUPYANKO, V.Ie.; HELEKHOVA, O.P.; RODINA, R.I.

Treating bronchiectasis and abscess of the lungs with antibiotics in combination with hemotherapy. Sov.med. 24 no.9151-56 8 160.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. In TSentral nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - deystvitel nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.A.

Bagdasarov) Ministerstva Edravockhraneniya SSSR.

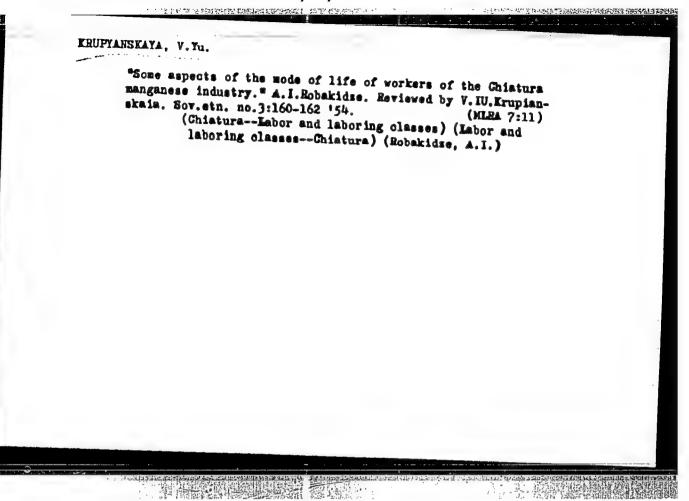
(BRONCHIECTASIS) (LUNGS—ABSCESS) (ANTIBIOTICS)

(BLOOD—TRANSFUSION)

BAGDASAROV, A.A., prof. [deceased]; AL*PERIN, P.M., prof.; KIUPYANKO, V.Ye.; POLUSHINA, T.V. (Moskva)

Use of polyglucin in the treatment of edema. Klin.med. no.1: 91-94 62. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.A. Bagdasarov [deceased]). (DEXTRAN) (EDEMA)



KKETYHA SANSH

AUTHOR:

Krupyanskaya, V. Yu., Candidate of Philological 30-2-27/49

TITLE:

Scientific Connections Between Ethnographers of the Soviet

Union and of Czechoslovakia (Nauchnyje svjazi mezhdu

etnografami Sovetskogo Soyuza i Chekhoulovakii)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Akademii Hauk SSSR, 1958, (USSR)

.r 2, r 92-

ABSTRACT:

Soviet scientists took part in conferences dealing with the way of life of the workers which were called by the Czechoslovakian and Slovakian Academy of Science. The Czechoslovakian specialists for problems of the way of life of the worker K. Foytik and O. Skal'nikova visited the scientific conferences of the Institute for Ethnography of the AN USSR. K. Foytik, O. Syrovatka, O. Skal'nikova, V. Korbusitskiy and Ya. Iyekh investigated several industrial areas of the country and compiled monographs on this field. The author had been invited to attend a meeting of the Slovakian Academy of Science at the end of 1957. A number of general questions were investigated: the application of the method of enquete in monographic research, the way of

Card 1/2

Scientific Connections Between Union : d of Czechoslovakia

Ethnographers of the Soviet

30-2-27/49

investigating the intellectual life of the population and the coordination of work. The author in particular underlines the here applied method of parallel folkloristic and

ethnographic investigations.

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

1. Ethnology-Czechoslovakia 2. Ethnology-USSR 3. Economic conditions-Czechoslovakia

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9

MACUPYANSKAYA, 7. YU. POTAPOV, L. P. TERENTEVA, L. I.

"PROBLEMES ESSENTIELS DE L'ETUDE ETHNIGRAPHIQUE DES PEMPLES DE L'URESS"

April Principle

AT The Sixth International Congress on Anthropological and Ethnological

Sciences, Paris 31 July-7 August 1960.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9

Communications by) A. A. Vishnevskiy i F. Yu Krupysnskiy Morkva, Cvyazizdat, 1952.
45F p. diagra., tables.

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"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9

SOLOVEYCHIK, L.M.; GENIN, L.S.; KRUPYANSKIY, F.Yu.; HAZCOVOHOV,
A.V.; TRAUMENEERG, I.A.; HUBINA, P.M., otv. red.; KUZ'MINA,
R.A., red.
[Principles of the methodology of planning future needs
in general usage service] Osnovy metodologii perspektivnogo
planirovaniia potrebmostei v sviazi obshchego pol'zovaniia;
informatsionnyi sbornik. Moskva, Sviaz', 1964. 77 p.
(MIRA 17:12)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9

VISHEVSKIY, Aleksandr Appolinar vevich, doktor ekon. nauk, prof.; KRUFYANSKIY, Fedor Yur vevich, kand. ekon. nauk, dots.; PAFINAKO, I.G., red.

1]《小公安约约11的总统指导。2012年2012年11日,1000年11日,

[Organization and planning of postal communications] Organizatsiia i planirovanie pochtovoi sviazi. Moskva, Lzd-vo "Sviazi," 1964. 328 p. (MIRA 17:8)

REUPYANSKIT, Fedor Jur'yevich; VISHMEVSIIT, A.A., redaktor; ANDREYENKO, Z.D., FEDITION, INCLUDENCE PROJECT PRO

KRUPTANSKII, J.Yu.; VIASOV, M.A., otvetstvennyy redaktor; SIDOROVA, T.S., redaktor; BERESLAVSKATA, L.Sh., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Labor productivity in communications and ways of increasing it] Proizvoditel'nost' truda v khoziaistve sviazi i pâti ee povysheniia. Moskva, Gos.isd-vo lit-ry po voprosam sviazi i radio, 1957. 67 p. (MIRA 10:4)

(Labor productivity) (Telecommunication)

XXWFYSHEV,G.N.

PA - 3111

AUTHOR:

ZHEZHERIN, R.P., KRUPYSHEV, G.N., MARTYNOV, A.M. (Leningrad)

TITLE:

A Parametric Generator. (Parametricheskiy generator. Russian).

PERIODICAL:

Elektrichestvo. 1957, Nr 5, pp 69 - 71 (U.S.S.R.)

Received: 6 / 1957

Reviewed: 7 / 1957

ABSTRACT:

The parametric 3PG generator finds its practical application as a power supply source for radio technical and other installations with an output from several dozen to several hundred watts. It is an A.C. machine whose ferromagnetic rotor exhibits its own cogged form and which has no windings. The 3PG generator forms its own group of machines. The selfregulation of the generator is investigated and then the working characteristics. The greatest interest for the practical application of the 3PG is its use as a single phase current source with raised frequency in connection with an effective load. The peculiarity of the 3PG with a given torrional moment is that by reducing the effective load P2 hardly changes its speed at all.

The output consumed by the generator, however, appears in itself as loss. The 3PG is very simple in its construction which guarantees its dependability in action. It is practical to use the generator under a work land as a current source of less output (10 - 200 W) with a raised frequency of 400 to 2000 Cycles. A valuable attribute of this generator is the possibility of its application in connec-

Card 1/2

PA - 3111

A Parametric Generator.

tion with hard to regulate systems. In these cases the 3PC generator makes it possible to maintain a sufficiently stable voltage by modifying the load from zero to a nominal value. (with 6 illustrations).

ASSOCIATION: Not given

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED: 29.10.1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

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SOV/110-59-2-2/21

Zhezherin, R.P., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and AUTHORS:

Krupyshev. G.N. Engineer

A Machine Type High-Frequency Generator with Excitation TITLE:

Circuits (Elektromashinnyy generator vysokoy chastoty s

Vozbuzhdayushchimi konturami)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, 1959, Nr 2, pp 4-8 (USER)

ABSTRACT: Valve type generators for frequencies of 10 - 30 kc/s and above are very bulky and are difficult to operate on variable loads. There is accordingly great need of machine type generators for such frequencies. The authors have found a new way of increasing the frequency developed by a machine without altering the number of poles on the rotor. With the new generator it is possible to obtain frequency twice as high as from machines of the normal inductor type. This article describes the construction and operating principles of the generator and gives experimental test data. The aim of the tests was not to obtain the highest possible frequency but only

to verify the principle of the machine. The machine is illustrated schematically in Fig 1; it has a toothed Card 1/5 rotor like that of reactive or inductor machines. On the

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A Machine Type High-Frequency Generator with Excitation Circuits stator there are teeth which form ridges displaced from one another by an angle of $\pi/2$. So far the generator construction is similar to that of a two-phase inductor machine. Three types of winding are located in the stator slots between the ridges, a control winding with direct current, a two-phase a.c. excitation winding with frequency f2 and a single phase generated current winding of frequency fu. It is explained that $f_4 = 2f_2$. save space the control and excitation winding can be combined, and this is the circuit illustrated in Fig 2. The operating principles of the generator are as follows: The d.c. in the control winding sets up a magnetic field between the stator and rotor, the distribution of which depends on the position of the rotor teeth. As the rotor turns there is periodic recistribution of this flux between the stator teeth and so e.m.f.'s are induced in the windings just as in a two-phase inductor machine. The connections to each phase are brought out separately, each phase is connected to a capacitor and, therefore, capacitative currents of frequency fo flow in the Card 2/5 excitation coils. The magnetic reaction field set up by

SOV/110-59-2-2/21 A Machine Type High-Frequency Generator with Excitation Circuits the capacitative currents is the excitation field for e.m.f.'s of frequency fy that are set up in each of the stator coils. The excitation windings are so connected that the sum of the fly frequency currents in them is zero, but in the working windings the e.m.f.'s of frequency fix are added together and those of frequency fix subtracted. The load is supplied at a frequency fix and is connected to the generator terminals through a series capacitor as in Fig 2c or through a parallel capacitor as in Fig 2b. Tests were made on an experimental machine, the main dimensions of which are given. The profiles of the stator and rotor stampings are shown in Fig 3. Design details of the windings are given. way in which the no-load characteristic is affected by the value of the capacitance in the excitation circuit is demonstrated graphically in Fig 4. The shape of these curves is discussed. Short circuit curves with various values of capacitance in the excitation circuit are given Card 3/5 in Fig 5. The relationship between the operating voltage and the control current is given in Fig 6, with one value of capacitance and several values of active load. If

SOV/110-59-2-2/21 A Machine Type High-Frequency Generator with Excitation Circuits the load is too heavy, particularly if it is inductive, the machine may fail to excite. The behaviour of the generator on purely capacitative loads is explained with reference to Fig 7. Figs 8 and 9 show regulation characteristics for two different values of capacitance when the load beyond the series capacitor is pure resistance. The effect of voltage on the regulation characteristics is illustrated by the graphs of Fig 10. The external characteristics of the generator are shown in Fig 11 for three types of load, and in Fig 12 for active load in the circuit with series capacitor and without it for two values of control current. The generator has good amplifying properties combined with low time constants of all the circuits. The oscillogram given in Fig 13 shows the speed at which the output voltage of the generator falls when the control winding is short Card 4/5 circuited. The reactive output of the phase capacitors

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SOV/110-59-2-2/21

A Machine Type High-Frequency Generator with Excitation Circuits is approximately 4 - 5 times greater than the total active output of the load circuit. The generator can also be used as a two-phase inductor.

There are 13 figures.

Card 5/5

Nel'son, K. V; Podlubnyy, I. Ya; Krupyshey, K. A. and SOV/138-58-11-2/14 AUTHORS

TITLE: Investigations on the Micro-Structure of Butadiene Rubbers (Issledovaniye mikrostruktury divinilovykh kauchukov)

PERIODICAL: Kauchuk i Rezina, 1958, Nr 11, pp 3 - 5 (USSR)

S. V. Lebedev et al. (Ref.1 - 3) determined the influence ABSTRACT: of the polymerisation temperature on the content of side chains (vinyl groups) in butadiene rubbers obtained by polymerisation with Li, Na and K. With the aid of this data, dependence of the glass temperature of butadiene polymers on the number of monomer chains, added in the 1,2 position, could be determined (Refs. 5 and 6). The micro-structure of polymers can be defined effectively by analysing their absorption spectra in the infra-red region. Results are given on the dependence of the microstructure of butadiene rubbers, obtained by catalytic polymerisation, on the conditions of their preparation, the nature of the initiator (Li, Na and K) and the temperature of the process. The infra-red spectra between 800 - 1,000 cm were analysed. The polymer molecule in butawere analysed. The polymer molecule in buta-Card 1/4

Investigations on the Micro-Structure of Butadiene Rubbers

disne rubbers shows three types of addition to the 0 mond; in the 1,2-, trans-1,4- and cis-1,4- position. If the addition occurs in the 1,2-position absorption occurs in the 909 cm-1 band; heptene-1 was taken as a standard. Analysis of the trans-1,4 configuration showed absorption in the 967 cm-1 band; in this case trans-octene-3 and trans-decene-5 were taken as standard. All samples were tested in C82 solutions on a VIKS-MZ apparatus with a NaCl prism. The samples were prepared by Z. A. Khrenovaya. The average experimental error was ±5%. The lithium-sodium- and potassium-butadiene polymers were prepared by polymerising butadiene when the temperatures of the thermostat were as follows:-5, 10, 20, 30, 40 and 60°C. Neczone D (2%) was added to the polymer samples after the gaseous products had been separated under vacuum. The glass temperature, viscosity and physico-mechanical properties of the samples were determined (Table 1). After purification and vacuum drying at room temperature, 1% of sclutions in C82 were prepared. Data on the quantitative determination of the micro-structure of the rubbers is given in Table 2.

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SOV/138-58-11-2/14 Investigations on the Micro-Structure of Butadiene Rubbers

of lithium-butadiene rubbers (Fig.1). The micro-structure of sodium butadiene rubbers, prepared at various temperatures, is similarly affected (Fig.2). On increasing the polymerisation temperature a decrease in the addition in the 1,2 position and an increase in the number of chains in the cis-1,4 position can be observed. The trans-1,4 configuration does practically not change, and remains at approximately 15%. Hardly any changes occur in the investigated temperature interval in the micro-structure of potassium butadiene rubbers (Fig.3). The ratio:

trans-1.4
cis-1.4
for all samples was 3 (trans-1.4 30% and cis-1.4 10%)
These results agree with data published by A.I. Yakubchik

Card 3/4

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SOV/138-58-11-2/14

Investigations on the Micro-Structure of Butadiene Rubbers

et al. (Refs. 2 and 3). There are 2 Tables, 3 Figures and 11 References: 3 English and 8 Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskogo kauchukaim. S. V. Lebedeva (Research Institute for Synthetic Rubber im. S. V. Lebedev)

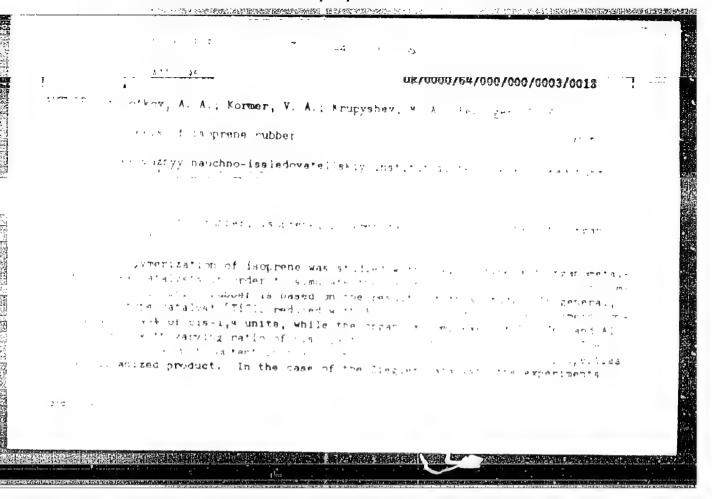
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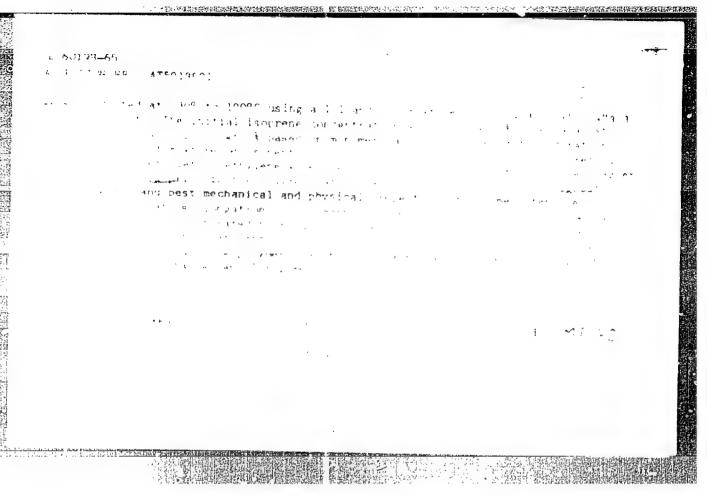
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BAGDYK'YANTS, G.O.; KRUPYSHEVA, L.S.

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Electron microscope studies of cellulose ester fibers in ultrathin sections. Zav.lab. 28 no.11:1251 '62. (MIRA 15:11) (Cellulose esters) (Electron microscopy)

s/079/60/030/011/020/026 B001/B055

AUTHORS:

Gorin, Yu. A., Svetozarova, V. M., Gorn, I. K., and

Krupysheva, T. A.

TITLE:

Investigation on the Catalytic Hydration of Acetylene and Its Derivatives in the Gas Phase. VII. Study on Copper-phosphate/

Calcium-phosphate Catalysts

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol. 30, No. 11,pp. 3817-3822

TEXT: Basing on the publications Refs. 1-8, the authors of the present work studied the action of copper phosphate and various other copper salts as agents for bringing about the hydration of acetylene. Calcium phosphate was used as second component, since Ref. 9 mentions the greater stability of catalysts prepared with this carrier. The authors tested the copper phosphate catalyst, and its mixtures with calcium phosphate. Calcium phosphate, which is inactive itself, is activated by addition of 0.01% copper phosphate, this activation increasing with higher percentages of copper phosphate up to a maximum at 0.3%. Higher percentages reduce the

Card 1/3

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Investigation on the Catalytic Hydration of Acetylene and Its Derivatives in the Gas Phase. VII. Study on Copper-phosphate/Calcium-phosphate Catalysts

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activity. The authors were interested to find out how a variation in calcium-phosphate composition would affect the copper-phosphate/calciumphosphate catalyst. Several catalysts were prepared which contained 0.1% copper phosphate applied to mixtures of secondary- and tertiary calcium phosphate of various compositions. It was shown that the application of 0.1 - 0.3% copper phosphate onto calcium phosphate leads to highly active and selective catalysts for the hydration of acetylene. It was found that the activity of the copper-phosphate/calcium-phosphate catalyst depends on its content of neutral and acid calcium phosphates. Catalysts of a composition approaching neutral tertiary phosphate have the highest activity. Addition of 0.1 - 0.3% of other copper (II) salts to the calcium phosphate has about the same effect as addition of the same amount of copper phosphate. The activity of catalysts prepared with metallic copper and copper (I) chloride is low. By applying the copper-phosphate/calciumphosphate catalyst, prepared in the required manner, the hydration process of acetylene can be carried out in a 100 h working cycle at an average catalyst working life of 600 h. There are 1 table and 14 references:

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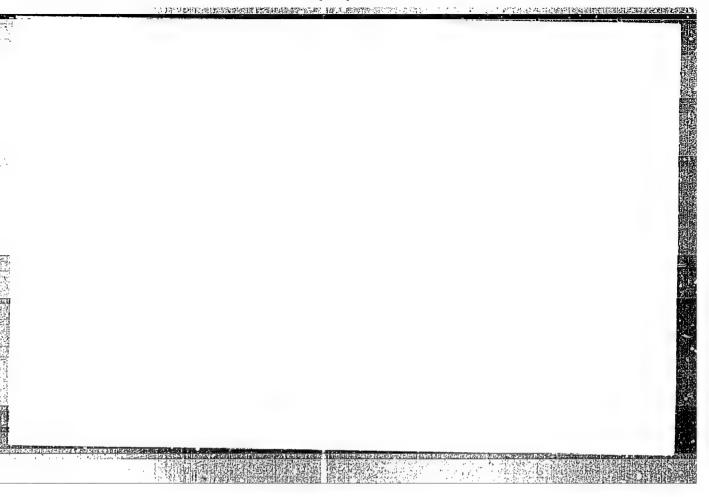
Investigation on the Catalytic Hydration of Acetylene and Its Derivatives in the Gas Phase. VII. Study on Copper-phosphate/Calcium-phosphate Catalysts

S/079/60/030/011/020/026 B001/B055

11 Soviet, 2 US, 1 French, and 1 German.

SUBMITTED: October 24, 1959

Card 3/3



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9

Strought, adhosion and deforsation coeracteristics of perchlorovinyl coatings. Lakohraa,mat. 1 kh prim. no.2:30-32 (64. (MIRA 17:4)

The noncellular forms of life, according to Lepessynska and Grawitz.
Polski tygod. lek. 7 no. 11-12:325-327 24 Mar 1952. (CIML 22:4)

1. If the Institute of Pathological Anatomy of Varsaw Medical Academy.

KRUS, S.

Noncellular forms of life, according to Lepessynska and Grawits. Polski tygod. lek. 7 no. 13:367-371; concl. 31 Mar 1952. (CLML 22:4)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000826810007-9"

ZAHORSKA, A.; BERGER, S.; KRUS, S.

Modified value of vitamin A in experimental diseases of the liver. Polski tygod. lek. 8 no.37-39:1365-1366 28 Sept 1953. (CLML 25:4)

1. Of the Gastrological Clinic (Head--Prof. L. Plocker, M.D.) and of the Institute of Patholgical Anatomy (Head--Prof. L. Paskiewicz, M.D.) Warsaw Medical Academy and of the Division of Hygiene of Nutrition (Head--Prof. A. Szczygiel, M.D.) of State Institute of Hygiene.

General pathology of inflammation. Polski tygod. lek. 9 no.32:1017-1019; contd. 9 Aug 54.

1. 2 Zakladu Anatomii Patolog. Ak. Med. v Varszavie; kierownik: prof. dr med. L.Passkievior.

(INFLAMMATION. pathology.)

(1) 1018年,1875年 1985年 19

KRUS, Stefan

General pathology of inflammation, Polski tygod. lek. 9 no.33:1052-1054; contd. 16 Aug 54.

1. 2 Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie; kierownik prof. dr med. Ludwik Paszkiewicz.

(INTLANMATION, pathology.)

KRUS, Stefan

General pathology of inflammation. Polski tygod. lek. 9 no.34: 1077-1084; concl. 23 Aug 54.

1. Z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie; kierownik; prof. dr L. Passkiewicz. (IMPLAMMATION, pathology.)

ZAHORSKA, Alina; HERGER, Stanislaw; KRUS, Stefan

Studies on vitamin A in liver diseases. I. Diagnostic and prognostic values of vitamin A in the blood. Polski tygod. lek. 10 no.3:75-80 17 Jan 55

1. Z Kliniki Gastrolicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie, Kierownik: prof. dr med. L.Plocker, z Dzialu Higieny Zywienia Panstwowego Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie, kierownik: prof. dr med. A.Szczygiel i z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie, kierownik: prof. dr med. Paszkiewicz.

(BLOOD,
vitamin A in liver dis., diag. & progn. values)
(VITAMIN A, in blood,
in liver dis., diag. & progn. values)
(LIVER, diseases,
blood vitamin A in, diag. & progn. values)

1. 5. 等等的问题。例如"热忱的解释的结婚核性"或是有证的

。1919年中的官員的自由的自由與其實際的

ZAHORSKA, Alina; BERGER, Stanielaw; KRUS, Stefan

Studies on vitamin A in liver diseases. II. Relation of vitamin A in the liver to its experimental ethyl alcohol lesions. Polski tygod. lek. 10 no.4:99-105 24 Jan 55.

1. Z Kliniki Gastrologicsnej Akademii Medycsnej w Warszawie; kierownik; prof. dr med. L.Plocker; z Dzialu Higieny Zywienia Panstwowego zakladu Higieny w Warszawie; kierownik; prof. dr med. A.Szczygiel; z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie; kierownik; prof. dr L.Paszkiewicz.

(VITAMIN A, metabolism,
liver, eff. of prolonged ethyl alcohol admin. in rats)
(LIVER, metabolism,
vitamin A, eff. of prolonged ethyl alcohol admin. in rats)
(ALCOHOL, ETHYL, effects,
on liver vitamin A in rats)

KRUS, Stefan

Role of the endocrine system in pathogenesis of tuberculosis with special reference to the adreno-pituitary system. Polski tygod. lek. 11 no.42:1805-1810 15 Oct 56.

1. Z Zakladu Patomorfologii P.A.N. kierownik prof. dr. nauk. med. Ludwik Paszkiewicz. Warszawa 1, ul. Chalubinskiego 5, Zaklad Patomorfologii PAN.

(TUBERCULOSIS, etiology and pathogenesis,
adreno-pituitary factor, review (Pol))
(ADRENAL CORTEX, in various diseases,
tuberc., pathogen. role of adreno-pituitary system, review
(Pol))
(PITUITARY GLAND, ANTERIOR, in various diseases,
same)

ZAGORA, Edward; KRUS, Stefan

Observations on a case of cyst of Krause's gland. Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.12:442-444 14 Mar 56.

1. V Polska Ekipa Lekarzy Specjalistow w Korei; kierownik: Jan Jaworski Konsultant Kliniki Okulistycznej Akademii Medycznej w Ham hynie; Edward Zagora konsultant Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Hamhynie: Stefan Krus.

(CONJUNCTIVA, cysts
of Krause's gland (Pol))

KRUS, Stefan.; NALEWAJKO, Lidia.

Bilateral symmetric necrosis of the renal cortex. Polski tygod. lek. 12 no.16:592-597 15 Apr 157.

1. (Z Zukladu Anatomii Patologiosnej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr med. Indwik Passkiewicz; z II Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych Akademii Medycznejw Warszawie; kierownik: Prof. dr med. Dymitr Aleksandrow). Warszawa i, ul. Chalubinskiego 5, Zaklad Anatomii Patologicznej.

(KIDNEY DISEASES

Necrosis of cortex, bilateral symmetric (Pol))

KRUS, S .: JAMPOLER L.

Experimental necresis of the liver in rats based on food deficiency. P 293

ROCZNIKI (Panstwewy Zaklad Higieny) Warsaw/ Vel. 9, ne. 3, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. %, no. 7, 1959 (July)

Uncl.

KRUS, Stefan

Analysis and comparison of autopsy cases in Poland and in Korea during 1956-57. Polski tygod. lek. 14 no.49:2150-2154 7 Dec 59.

1. (Z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej A. M. w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr n. med. Ludwik Passkiewos: z Prosektury Sipitala Miejskiego Nr % w Warszawie; kierownik prof. dr med. Janina Dabrowska; z V Polskiej Ekipy Lekarsy Specjalistow w Korei; kierownik Ekipy: dr med. Jan Jaworski, konsultant anatomonatolog: lek.Stefan Krus).

(AUTOPSY, statist.)

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KRUS, Stefan, adiunkt

Effect of sex and sex hormones on the appearance of liver necrosis in nutritional deficiency in rats. Rospr.wyds.nauk med. 5 no.2:207-231 160.

1. Z Zakladu Patologii Doswiadosalnej Polskiej Akademii Nauk w Warssawie Kierownik: prof. dr n. med. Ludwik Paszkiewicz oraz z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. Jemina Dabrowska (Przedstawili: prof. dr med. Aleksander Szczygiel, prof. dr med. Julian Walawski)

(LIVER physiol) (SEX HORMONES pharmacol) (SEX CHARACTERISTICS) (DEFICIENCY DISEASES exper)

2. 14年1月27日安全地震中央地震和中国国际的

KRUS ,Stefan

Histopathological picture and development of tuberculous changes of the liver in guinea pigs. Pat polska 11 no.1:29-42'60.

1. Z Zakladu Patomorfologii PAN, Kierownik: prof. dr nauk med. Ludwik Passkiewica, Kierownik Pracowni Morfologicznej: doc. dr med. Zygmunt Bussesewski. (TUBERCULOSIS HEPATIC exper.)

2000年,1900年

BANKOWSKI, Zbigniew; BICZOWA, Barbara; GORSKI, Michal; KRUS, Stefan; LEWICKI, Zdzislaw; RUSZCZEWSKI, Zygmunt; STARZYNSKI, Stefan

Behavior of glycogen, fats and nucleic acids in the rat liver in acute radiation sickness. Pat. pol. 13 no.3:325-336 '62.

1. Z Pracowni Patomorfologii Zakladu Patologii Doswiadczalnej PAN w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. L. Paszkiewicz Kierownik pracowni: doc. dr med. Z. Ruszczewski.

(RADIATION INJURY EXPERIMENTAL)
(LIVER) (NUCLEIC ACIDS)

(LIVER CLYCOGEN) (LIPID METABOLISM)

KARWOWSKA-STAUBER, Ludwika; TATON, Jan; KRUS, Stefan

· 一些。持个有些行為特性。例為解除國政制度是實際是一個問題。

Pyelonephritis in diabetes. Clinical and anatomo-pathological analysis during the period 1951-1961. Pol. arch. med. wewn. 33 no.4:421-432 *63.

1. Z III Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych AM w Warszawie. Kierownik: prof. dr med. E. Kodejszko i z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. J. Dabrowska.

(PYELONEPHRITIS) (DIABETES MELLITUS)

(STATISTICS) (PATHOLOGY)